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Name of Examination : **Summer 2021** - (Preview)

Course Code & Course Name : **SH271U - Engineering Mathematics**

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Maximum Marks : **60**

Duration : **3 Hrs**

[Edit](#) [Print](#) [View Answer Key](#) [Close](#) **Answer Key Submission Type:** Marking scheme with model answers and solutions of numerical

Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Illustrate your answer with suitable figures/sketches wherever necessary.
3. Assume suitable additional data; if required.
4. Use of logarithmic table, drawing instruments and non programmable calculators is allowed.
5. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1) Solve all the questions

a) Solve by using method of variation of parameters [5]

$$(D^2 - 4D + 4)y = \frac{e^{2x}}{x}$$

b) Solve $(x^3 D^3 + 2x^2 D^2)y = 10(x + \frac{1}{x})$ [5]

c) Solve $(D^3 + 8)y = x^4 + 2x + 1$ [4]

2) Solve any three questions

a) Obtain $L[e^{4t} \int_0^t t \sin 3t dt]$ [4]

b) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^{-2t} \sin^3 t dt$ [4]

c) Apply convolution theorem to evaluate $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}\right]$ [4]

d) Using Laplace Transform, solve $y'' + 2y' + y = t e^{-t}$ given that $y(0) = 1$, $y'(0) = -2$ [4]

3) Solve any three questions

a) The first four moments of a distribution about the value 5 of the variable are 2, 20, 40 and 50. Find β_1 & β_2 [4]

b) In a sample of 100 cases, the mean of a certain test is 14 and S.D. is 2.5, Assuming the distribution to be normal. Find how many score 16? [4]

c) Find the best fitting regression equation of type $y = ax^b$ to the following data [4]

x	1	2	3	4	5	6
y	2	16	54	128	250	432

d) Find the correlation coefficient for the following data [4]

x	23	28	42	17	26	35	29	37	16	46
y	25	22	38	21	27	39	24	32	18	44

4) Solve any three questions

a) Using inverse sine transform, Find $f(x)$ if $F_s(\lambda) = \frac{e^{-a\lambda}}{\lambda}$ [4]

b) Find the Fourier cosine transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} \cos x, & 0 < x < a \\ 0, & x > a \end{cases}$ [4]

c) Use Green's theorem, to evaluate $\oint_C u dx + v dy$ for $\vec{F} = x^2 \vec{i} + xy \vec{j}$ over the region R enclosed by $y = x^2$ & $y = x$ [4]

d) Use Stoke's theorem, to evaluate $\int_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{s}$ where $\vec{F} = (x^3 - y^3) \vec{i} - xyz \vec{j} + y^3 \vec{k}$ and S is the surface $x^2 + 4y^2 + z^2 - 2x = 4$ [4]

5) Solve any two questions

a) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$ if [5]

$$(i) u(x, 0) = 0, (ii) u(x, l) = 0 (iii) u(\infty, y) = 0, (iv) u(0, y) = u_0$$

b) Solve $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$ if [5]

$$(i) u(0, t) = 0, (ii) u(l, t) = 0 (iii) u(x, 0) = x, 0 < x < l, (iv) u(x, \infty) \text{ is finite}$$

c) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial x^2}$ if [5]

$$(i) y(0, t) = 0, (ii) y(l, t) = 0 (iii) \left(\frac{\partial y}{\partial t}\right)_{t=0} = 0, (iv) y(x, 0) = k(lx - x^2), \text{ for } 0 < x < l$$

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